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इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।
Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

LOK SABHA

The following Bill was introduced in the Lok Sabha on 23rd November, 2006:—

BILL NO. 74 OF 2006

A Bill to amend the Jallianwala Bagh National Memorial Act, 1951.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Jallianwala Bagh National Memorial (Amendment) Act, 2006. Short title.

25 of 1951. 2. In the Jallianwala Bagh National Memorial Act, 1951 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in section 4, for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, Amendment of section 4.
namely:—

“(1) The Trustees of the Jallianwala Bagh National Memorial shall be the following, namely:—

- (a) the Prime Minister — Chairperson,
- (b) the President of the Indian National Congress,
- (c) the Minister in-charge of Culture,
- (d) the Leader of Opposition in the Lok Sabha,

- (e) the Governor of the State of Punjab,
- (f) the Chief Minister of the State of Punjab, and
- (g) three eminent persons to be nominated by the Central Government.”.

Substitution of
new section
for section 5.

3. For section 5 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Term of
office of
nominated
Trustees.

“5. The Trustees nominated under clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 4 shall be Trustees for a period of five years, and shall be eligible for renomination.”.

Insertion of
new section
7A.

4. After section 7 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Power to
approve audited
accounts.

“7A. The Trust shall meet at least once in a year to approve the audited accounts of the Trust and shall transact such other business as may be considered necessary.”.

insertion of
new section
8A.

5. After section 8 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Accounts and
audit.

“8A. (1) The accounts of the Trust shall be audited by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India at such intervals as may be specified by him and any expenditure incurred in connection with such audit shall be payable by the Trust to the Comptroller and Auditor-General.

(2) The Comptroller and Auditor-General and any person appointed by him in connection with the audit of the accounts of the Trust under this Act shall, have the same rights and privileges and the authority in connection with such audit as the Comptroller and Auditor-General generally has in connection with the audit of Government accounts and, in particular, shall have the right to demand the production of books, accounts, connected vouchers and other documents and papers and to inspect the office of the Trust.

(3) The accounts of the Trust as certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General or any other person appointed by him in this behalf, together with the audit report thereon shall be forwarded annually to the Central Government by the Trust and the Central Government shall cause the audit report to be laid, as soon as may be, after it is received, before each House of Parliament.”.

Insertion of
new section
10A.

6. After section 10 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Rules and
regulations to
be laid before
Parliament.

“10A. Every rule or regulation made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or regulation or both Houses agree that the rule or regulation should not be made, the rule or regulation shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or regulation.”.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The Jallianwala Bagh National Memorial Act, 1951 was enacted to provide for the erection and management of a National Memorial to perpetuate the memory of those killed or wounded on the 13th Day of April, 1919 in Jallianwala Bagh, Amritsar. The objects of the said Act was to place the then existing Trust on a permanent basis, to establish a body corporate to be known as the Trustees of the Jallianwala Bagh National Memorial, to transfer to that body all the property and funds and to confer upon that body all necessary powers for carrying out the objects of the Trust.

2. The composition of the Jallianwala Bagh National Memorial Trust as provided under the said Act includes three Trustees appointed for life who are no more. The Government cannot appoint Trustees in their place without making necessary amendments in the said Act. Therefore, with a view to filling up the vacancies caused by the passing away of the life Trustees and to make the Trust functional, it has become necessary to amend the said Act through the present Bill.

3. The Bill also seeks to provide for certification and auditing of the accounts of the Trust by the comptroller and Auditor-General of India and its laying before each House of Parliament.

4. The Bill seeks to achieve the above objects.

NEW DELHI;
The 17th August, 2006.

AMBIKA SONI.

P. D. T. ACHARY,
Secretary-General.